Diversity and transcriptome analysis of the maize B chromosome

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B chromosomes are enigmatic elements in thousands of plant and animal genomes that persist in populations despite being nonessential. Maize (Zea mays L.) is one of the most important crops and serves as well established model for biological research and the maize B chromosome has been studied for many decades. However, the diversity of the maize B chromosome and its distribution within maize landraces are still not thoroughly described as well as its gene expression. Reference sequence of the maize B chromosome revealed 758 protein coding genes (Blavet et al., 2021). Here we present the first results of a gene expression atlas of 12 maize tissues using RNA-seq and gene expression pipeline based on mapping reads to the reference genome of Z. mays (B73 RefGen_v4) supplemented with the reference of the maize В chromosome (Zm-B73_B_CHROMOSOME_MBSC-1.0, Blavet et al., 2021) and subsequent differential-expression (DE) and gene ontology (GO) enrichment analyses.

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References:

Blavet *et al.* (2021) Sequence of the supernumerary B chromosome of maize provides insight into its drive mechanism and evolution. *PNAS* 118 (23): e2104254118